

## Clinical Exercise

### **Exercise Physiology Model of Care in Older Adults Mental Health Services: Opportunities for Service Development and Expansion**

#### **Abstract**

Older adults (OA) aged  $\geq 65$  years with severe mental illness (SMI) experience falls at a rate 1.5-4.5 times that of the age- matched general population, where injurious falls accounted for 60% of hospitalisations and 94% of deaths in the 2020-21 period [1-3]. Falls experienced by OA with SMI are more expensive than falls in apparently healthy OA's, due to increased health service utilisation and expenditure, and higher incidence of care transitions from primary care to long-term care facilities [1-2]. Further compounding this problem is the increased hospital presentations and healthcare utilisation rates of OA with SMI due to comorbidities that could be managed through falls prevention interventions [4].

Level 1 evidence supports the safety, effectiveness and cost efficacy of falls prevention programs when the model of care is specifically designed for the setting/environment, population group, and measures included [5-9]. The feasibility and acceptability of physical health interventions for mental health consumers has

been previously demonstrated by reducing barriers to engagement and tailoring the model of care to the unique needs of people with severe mental illness [10-15].

An exercise physiology model of care (MoC) addressing falls prevention and physical health co-morbidity for OA with SMI was designed and implemented in a metropolitan community Older Adults Mental Health Service. 71% of consumers accessing the MoC experienced a fall in the previous 12-months ( $m = 1.6$  (1.6), range 0-6). Preliminary evaluation demonstrated high MoC feasibility with rates of uptake and attendance 86% and 84% respectively.

## Cassandra Butler

### Biography

#### **Cassandra Butler**

is an Accredited Exercise Physiologist with 9-years' experience across key areas of exercise physiology pathologies.

Cassandra's passion for mental health led her to complete honours research and

commence PhD research in the field of exercise physiology as standard care in mental health services. Since 2017, Casandra has been working with medical professionals to incorporate her ongoing research findings into routine best practice care within Queensland Health mental health services.

In her current role as Advanced Clinical Leader Exercise Physiology at Metro South Mental Health and Addiction Service within Queensland Health(QH), Cassandra has successfully advocated for an increase in EP positions resulting in a 100% increase with in the workforce in the last 12 months. It is in this role



that Cassandra as had the opportunity to advocate for exercise physiology led models of care to address unmet care needs of consumers within the health service.

## Abstract references

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