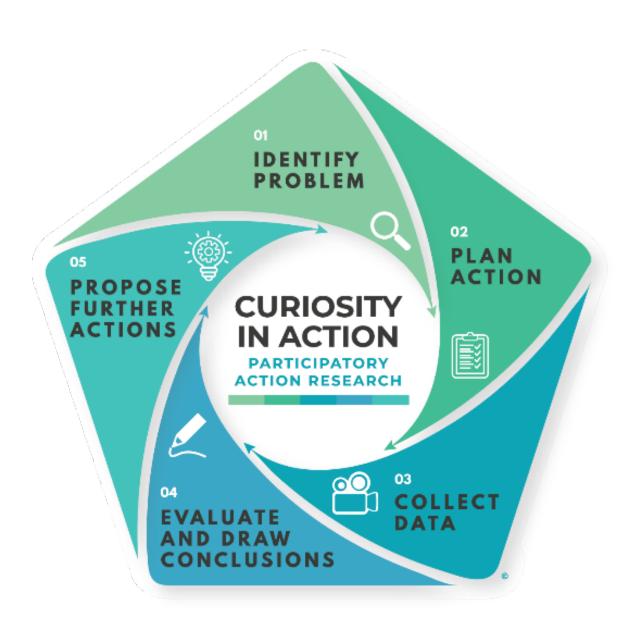
PAR Workbook



Phase 1: Identify Problem PART A

Curiosity Brainstorm

What is a problem you have observed? What is something you are keen to explore?

| What aspects of your professional world could you explore? | | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| Emotional Wellbeing | | | |
| Relationships | | | |
| Learning Experiences | | | |
| Learning Environment | | | |
| Learning Outcomes | | | |
| | Or <u>who</u> are you curious about? | | |
| Children | | | |
| Support Staff | | | |
| Colleagues | | | |
| Leadership | | | |
| Community | | | |

Phase 1: Identify Problem PART B

Turning Your Curiosity into Research Questions

How? Why?

| Position | | | |
|------------------------|---|-----|-------|
| 1) | 2) | 3) | 4) |
| What | Issue of Importance | Who | Where |
| What (or how) does the | (issue of importance) mean for (who) at (where) | | |

| <u>'erbs to consider:</u> generate, discover, understand, describe, explore | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| • | | | | |
| • | | | | |
| | | | | |

CHECK IN: Are your questions focused? Are they open ended? Are they answerable?

Phase 2: Plan Action

Gathering Initial Information



CURIOSITY IN ACTION PARTICIPATORY ACTION RESEARCH

| 1. Self-reflection | What are your beliefs about your issue of importance? What do you already know about it? | Notes |
|--------------------------------|--|-------|
| 2. Arm's reach information | What resources and policies does your school have? | Notes |
| 3. Wider community information | Do schools in your community approach things differently? Are there community organisations that may be helpful? What do your state policies and documents reveal? | Notes |
| 4. National & Int. information | What information can you find on a national level? | Notes |

CURIOSITY IN ACTION PARTICIPATORY ACTION RESEARCH

Phase 3: Collect Data

Which types of data will help you to answer your research questions?

Highlight the types of data you'd like to collect. You might think of some more ideas.

| Qualitative data | Quantitative data |
|---|---|
| Recorded observation | Questionnaire (using scales) |
| 1:1 interview | Checklists |
| Focus group | Records (e.g., attendance, assessment data) |
| Questionnaire (open-ended) | |
| Journals/diaries | |
| Student work samples and assessment tasks | |
| Field notes | |
| Document analysis | |
| Photographs | |
| | |
| | |

How? How will you collect the data? How will you obtain consent?

| Timeframe | Research instrument | Participants | Intended purpose | Required resources | Consent considerations |
|--|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|----------------------------|---|
| Three 20-minute guided reading sessions in one week | Video recorded observation | All children in my class | Collect data about how I am responding to children's questions [fix this] | iPad and tripod Class list | Written consent for children and parents needed |
| | | | | | |

Phase 4: Evaluate and draw conclusions

4 Steps in Evaluating Your Data

| Task | To- Do |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------|
| Organise Data | E.g. make spreadsheet |
| Prepare Data | E.g. edit clips |
| Read, watch or listen | E.g. watch clips |
| Code Data | E.g. engage support materials |

Phase 5: Propose further action

Examples

| | | Notes |
|---------------------|----------------------|-------|
| Share new knowledge | - With colleagues | |
| | - With leadership | |
| | - With the community | |
| Adjust | - Planning | |
| | - Assessment | |
| | - Teaching practice | |