Documentation should provide enough information to:

- Monitor progress in wound healing
- Evaluate the effectiveness of management
- Guide management and prevention plans



This is a guide only and does not replace clinical judgment

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Wound Assessment

Information for health professionals





Wound Assessment

What is a wound?

A wound is an injury to the skin or underlying tissue that may or may not involve a loss of skin integrity. Physiological function of the tissue is impaired. Common types include leg ulcers, traumatic wounds, pressure injuries, surgical, and burns.

Phases of wound healing

- 1. Haemostasis (bleeding stops): 10 minutes
- 2. Inflammation (redness, swelling): 3 days
- 3. Proliferation (new tissue growth): 28 days
- 4. Maturation (regaining normal function): a year or more

Factors promoting wound healing

- A moist healing environment
- Adequate blood supply and oxygenation
- Stable temperature
- Good nutrition and hydration
- · Treatment of underlying medical conditions
- Avoiding pressure, shear, friction, maceration
- Avoiding smoking



Wound Assessment

Evaluate and document the following:

- A comprehensive assessment of physical, medical, psychosocial, wound history, nutrition and pain (include a validated pain scale)
- Cause, site, type and classification of wound
- **Depth**: superficial, partial or full thickness
- Dimensions, shape, area on first presentation, then regularly
- Wound edge: sloping, punched out, raised, rolled, undermining, purple, calloused
- Wound bed: necrotic, sloughy, infected, granulating, epithelialisation
- Exudate: serous, haemoserous, purulent
- Surrounding skin: oedema, cellulitis, colour, eczema, maceration, capillary refill time
- Signs of infection: heat, redness, swelling, pain, odour, delayed healing, deterioration of wound, purulent exudate
- Pain: associated with disease, trauma, infection, wound care practices, products
- Progress in healing: assess regularly



Is the wound healing?



Yes, signs of a healing wound:

- Pink or ruddy red in colour
- Small to moderate amounts of clear or serous exudate
- Wound is decreasing in size
- Surrounding skin is warm, pink and healthy



No, signs of an unhealthy wound:

- Malodour
- Green, yellow, slough or necrotic tissue
- Large amounts of exudate
- Increased size or no decrease in size
- Surrounding skin is red, hot, swollen
- Increased pain
- Systemic signs and/or symptoms of infection

An acute wound that has not healed after 28 days needs investigation